

Announcements

- ACM meeting, Thursday Jan 18 at 5:30 PM in GSRC 328
 - All the benefits of membership in the first educational and scientific computing society
 - As if that is not enough, free **Pizza**
- Project Milestone 1: Due today
 - Email me your name, email address and interests

<http://greenhouse.cs.uga.edu/~surendar/teach/spr01/ugaonly/members.shtml>
- Ph.D. defense: ZongWei Luo, Fri Jan 19, 9:30 am
Knowledge sharing, coordinated exception handling and intelligent problem solving to support cross-organizational business processes



Outline for today

Ubiquitous Computing Vision - continued

- *People, Places, Things: Web Presence for the Real World.* Cooltown Project at HP. In WMCSA '01
- *Next Century Challenges: Data-centric networking for invisible computing. The Portolano Project at the University of Washington* Mike Esler, Jeffrey Hightower, Tom Anderson and Gaetano Borriello. In Mobicom '99



Cool town project

- The goal of this work is to bridge the electronic and physical world using the web as the glue
- Rationale:
 - Web is transparent access because of open standards Internet, http..
 - Access to the web is ubiquitous across different kinds of devices
 - Web already provides a wealth of electronically stored information.
- Places -home, office, malls etc.
- People - visitors we meet and interact with in Places
- Things - we find/use things when we visit Places



Web Presence

- Web presence means that the entity is bound to a resource that has a URL and is accessible by HTTP
 - Each web-present entity has a web page
 - you should be able to access any entities in this class room (projector, laptop, wireless access point, my Palm pilot etc) via an HTTP URL



Web Presence

- System-supported correlation: Places for web things and people in web places
 - URLs are distributed through restricted range wireless links, electronic tags ..
 - As people arrive in physical places, they discover URLs
- Web things and Web Places: Control and interrogation of devices
 - Ability to control a web-present device through its point of web presence
 - You can already configure printers, routers etc this way



- Web things talking to web things: Access by devices
 - Home management device interrogates a security monitoring services, finds that no one is home and turns on the lights ..



Modes of web presence

- Internal support:
 - The device itself supports HTTP operations on its web presence
- External Support:
 - Non-electronic entities provide their web presence location using tags.



iButton in the door knob

Discover URLs

- Discover via network system
- Sensing electronically
- Distribution can be
 - Active – pushing information within range
 - E.g. infra-red, bluetooth beacon
 - Broadcast or directed
 - Passive – awaiting a sensor to request information
 - E.g. UPC bar code, iButton, RFID etc



Web presence for places

- Location specific web portals
 - Place contains a beacon that provides the URL of the place's portal.
 - Web portal for this class. Anyone should be able to find out who/what is here right now by pointing to Chem 453 portal URL.
 - Contents provided by services within the place
 - Portal changes whether CSCI 4900 is in CHEM 453 or some other class is here



Web presence for people

- Information about people, way of communicating with them
- Global presence and place-specific web presence
- Identifying attributes can be place-specific
 - I can be Prof. Surendar Chandra or Surendar depending on the place



Infrastructure

- Services everywhere
 - Wide-spread access to a open set of services
- Scalable
 - Trillions of web places, things ..
- Simple model of configuration by users
 - Easy to administer
- Layered infrastructure
 - So that, simple devices can coexist with complicated services



Discussion

- Security
 - How do you provide secure access to authorized web entities?
- Information Overload
 - If there are trillions on web pages, possibly with multiple incarnations, how can we comprehend them?
- Delegation
 - If I see a nice art work and want to show it to you, what you see is not necessarily what I see?



Data-Centric Networking for Invisible Computing

- This paper presents some technical challenges for invisible computing
- Specifically:
 - User Interfaces
 - Distributed Services
 - Infrastructure



User Interface

- Multiple interface: How do we present information in multiple interfaces?
 - Do we present the same interface in all the devices (ala Windows CE approach)?
 - Do we present the interface customized for the device? (ala Palm approach)
- Invisible Interface: How do we make the interface vanish? How should the invisible interfaces work?



Distributed Services

- Agent based approach
 - Agent perform tasks on behalf of users
 - Agents exist beyond the user who initiated it
- Horizontal integration
 - Components horizontally integrated
- Service deployment
 - Service should be able to discover your resources and configure itself
 - Dynamic upgrading, hot-swapping of components
 - DVD players already do this when you play special movies. Is this good?



Infrastructure

- Resource Discovery
 - Local Service database (served based)?
 - ARP-style (broadcast) requests?
 - Data driven (the data runs code in the net to locate further resources)
 - Controlled replication
 - Reliability/fault tolerance
- Should the lookup provide name or object code (JAVA)?
 - In HW1, you provide hostname:port



Data-Centric Networking

- Data should marshal, authenticate, adapt and pay for services as it proceeds
 - E.g. I want to buy a camera
 - I send the data packet with my model preference, credit card number, shipping information etc in a data packet
 - Data packet visits internet stores, find the cheapest price for the model
 - Places an order and has it shipped to my address



Distributed Computing

- Data objects negotiate content type, move computation across the infra-structure to reach destination
- Intermittent Connectivity
 - When connectivity is lost, what happens to data packets?



Important Research Topics

- Intermitted Connectivity
 - How do we deal with network failures
- Power consumption
 - Power consumption is very important on devices that we carry all the time
- Application development and deployment
 - Development for invisible interfaces
- Service architectures and discovery
- Active networking
 - Code associated with data runs in the network

