# Improving the Reliability of Commodity Operating Systems

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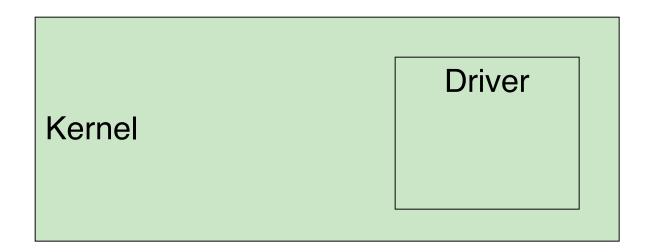
## The Problem

- Operating system crashes are a huge problem today
  - 5% of Windows systems crash every day
- Device drivers are the biggest cause of crashes
  - Drivers cause 85% of Windows XP crashes
  - Drivers are 7 times buggier than the kernel in Linux
- We built Nooks, a system that prevents drivers from crashing the OS
  - We can prevent 99% of faults in our tests that crash native Linux

#### **Crashes Today**



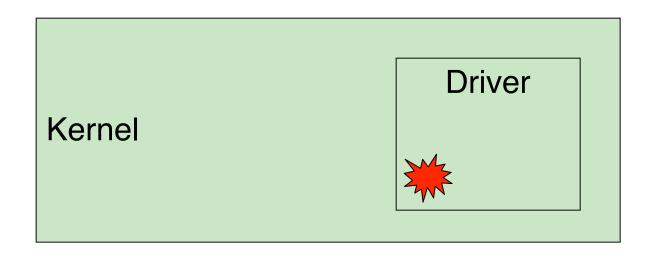


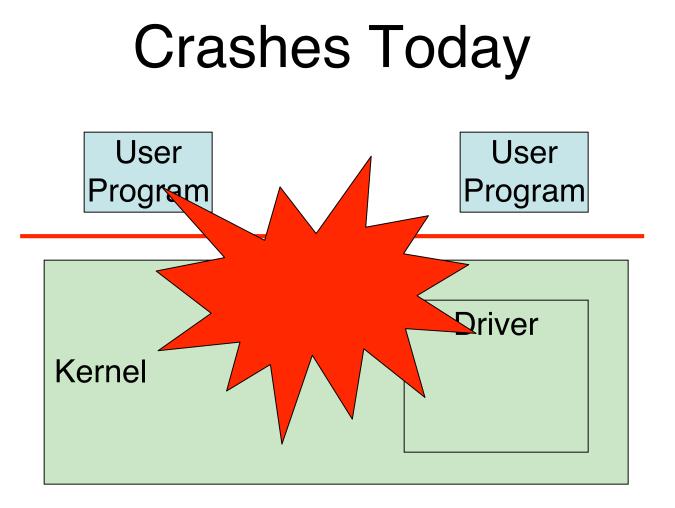


#### **Crashes Today**





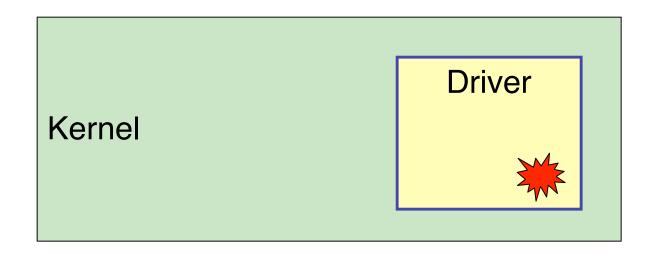




# Vision



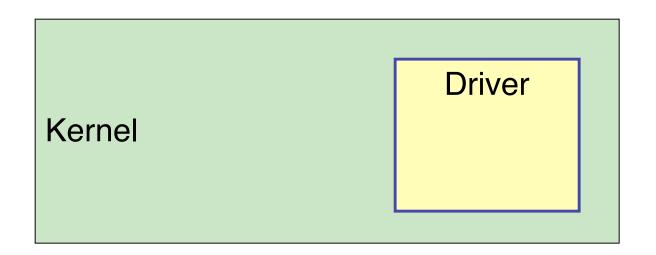




# Vision







# Reality

- Windows XP
  - 113 million copies sold in 2002
  - 40 million lines of code
  - \$1 billion development cost
  - 35,000 drivers available
- Linux:
  - 18 million users
  - 30 million lines of code
  - Equivalent \$1 billion development cost

# **Vision Requirements**

- 1. Isolation
- 2. Recovery
- 3. Compatibility
  - No code changes
  - No new languages
  - No new OS
  - No new hardware
  - No new perspective

# Assumptions and Principles

- Assumptions:
  - Drivers are generally well behaved
  - Don't need to prevent every crash to be useful
- Principles:
  - Design for fault resistance (not fault tolerance)
  - Design for mistakes (not abuse)

# Why didn't we use a microkernel?

- Doesn't address our limitations
  - Isolation not much better
  - Fault detection not much better
  - Recovery not much better
  - Doesn't improve performance
- Requires more changes to the kernel
- Makes compatibility more difficult

#### Goal

We want a practical, "best-effort" solution

- Prevents many crashes
- Good performance
- Works with today's operating systems and drivers

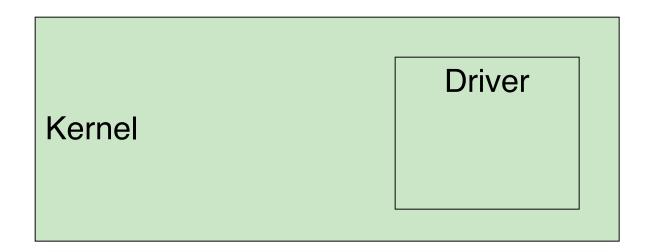
# **Design of Nooks**

- Standard Linux kernel and drivers
- Plus:
  - Isolation
  - Recovery
- Compatible with existing code

### **Existing Kernels**

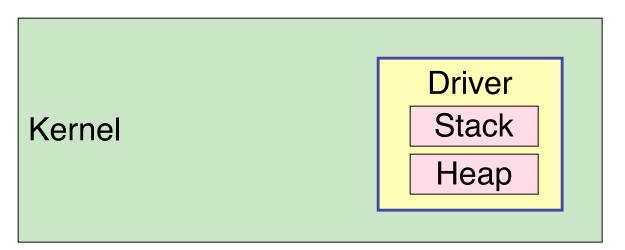






### **Isolation - Memory**



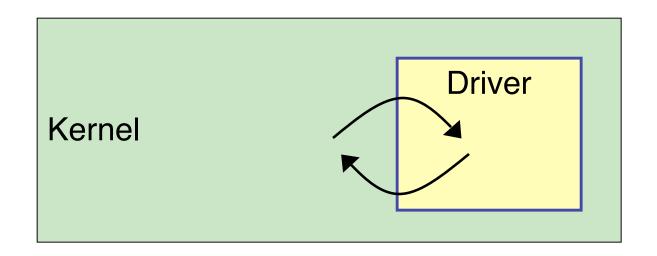


#### **Lightweight Kernel Protection Domains**

## **Isolation - Control Transfer**



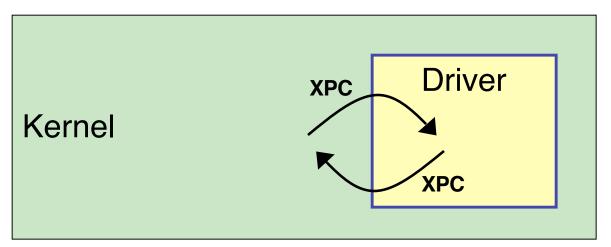




## **Isolation - Control Transfer**





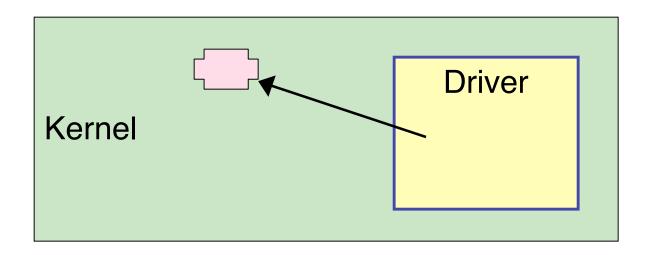


eXtension Procedure Call

#### **Isolation - Data Access**



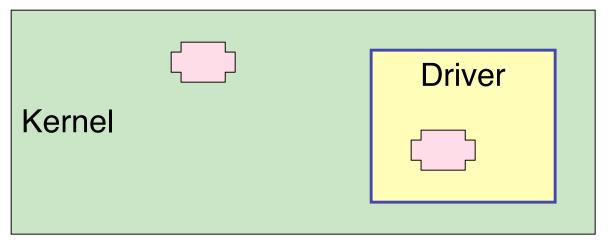




#### **Isolation - Data Access**





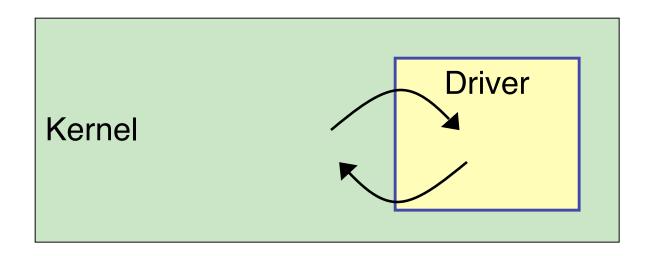


#### Copy-in / Copy-out

#### **Isolation - Interposition**



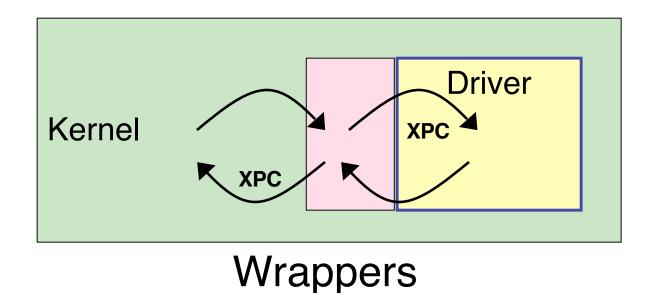




#### **Isolation - Interposition**







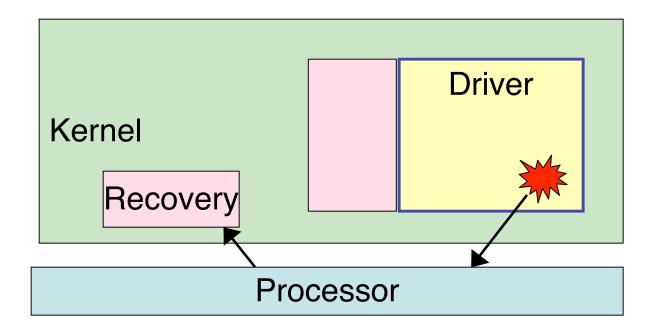
# **Design Summary**

- Isolation
  - Lightweight Kernel Protection Domains
  - eXtension Procedure Call (XPC)
  - Copy-in/Copy-out
  - Wrappers

#### **Recovery - Fault Detection**



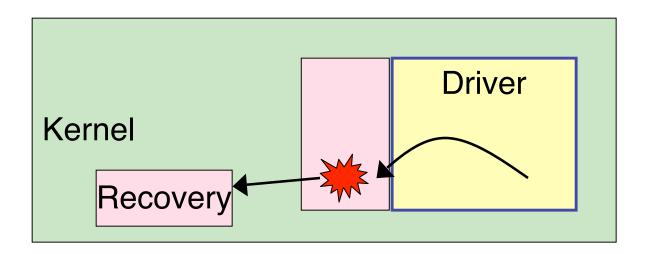




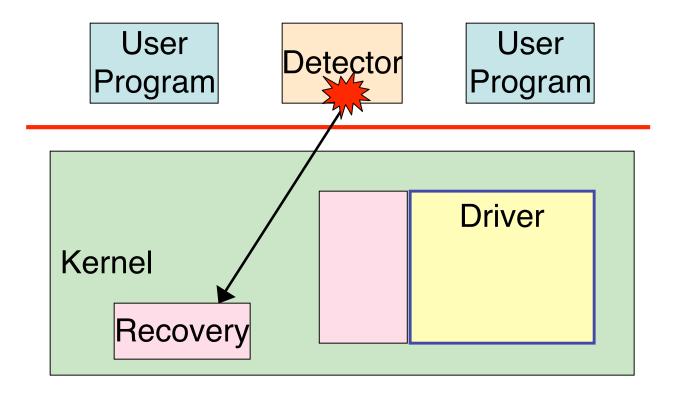
#### **Recovery - Fault Detection**







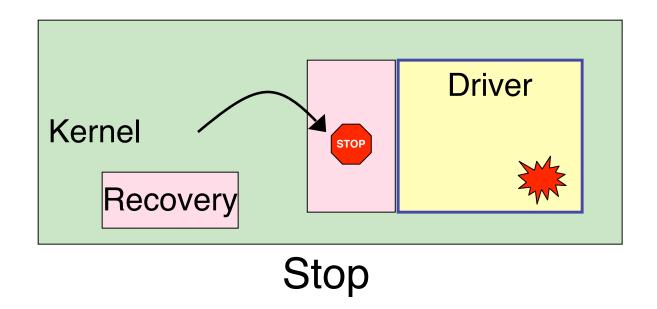
#### **Recovery - Fault Detection**



#### Recovery



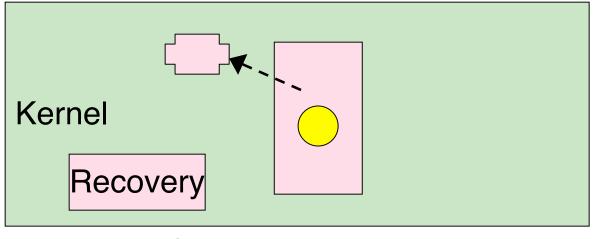




#### Recovery





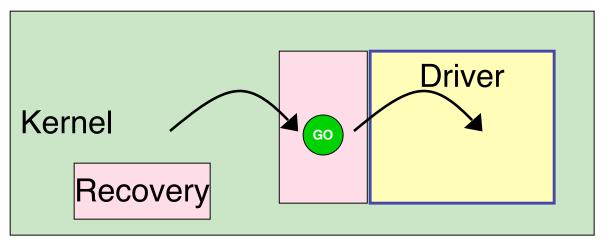


#### Stop / Unload

#### Recovery







Stop / Unload / Reload

# **Design Summary**

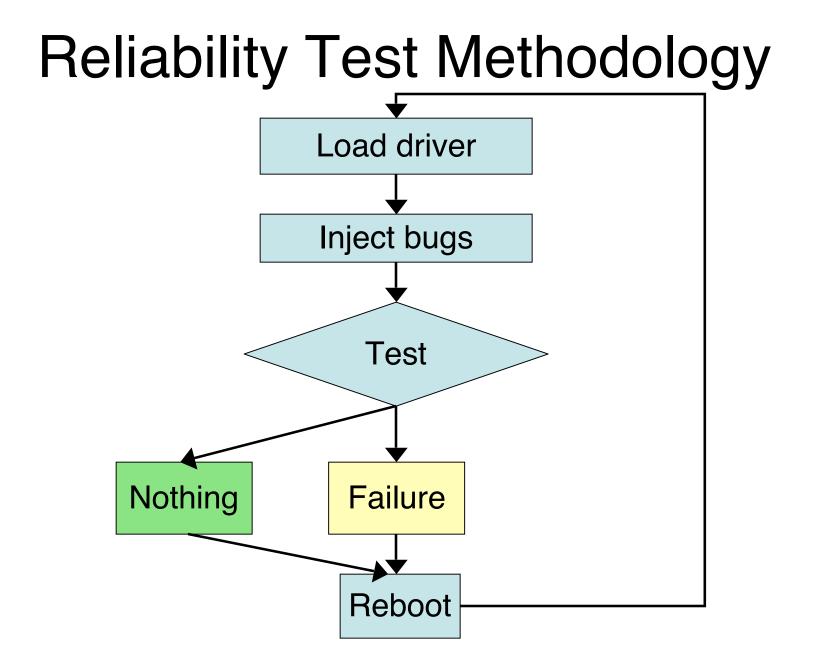
- Isolation
  - Lightweight Kernel Protection Domains
  - eXtension Procedure Call (XPC)
  - Copy-in/Copy-out
  - Wrappers
- Recovery
  - Hardware and software checks
  - Stop / Unload and GC / Reload

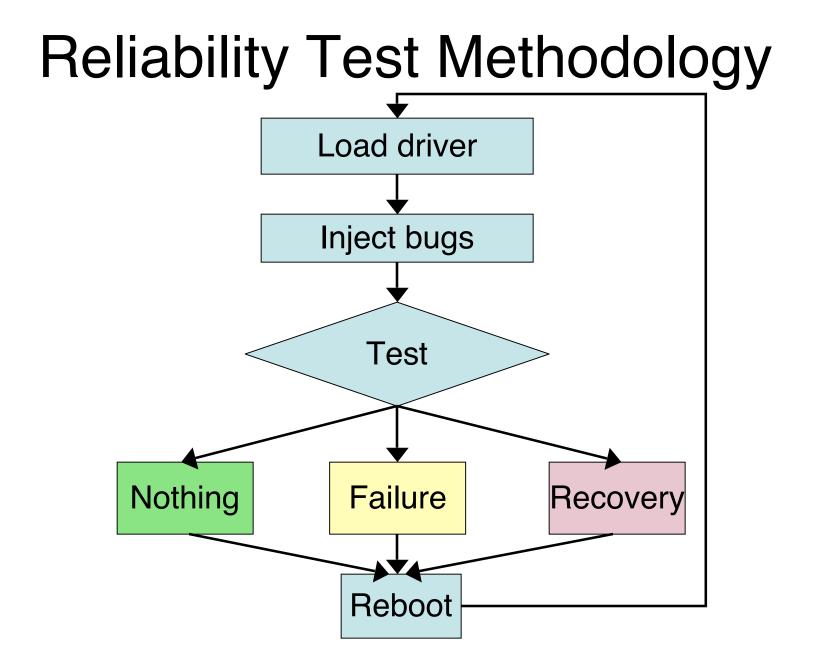
#### Some Limitations

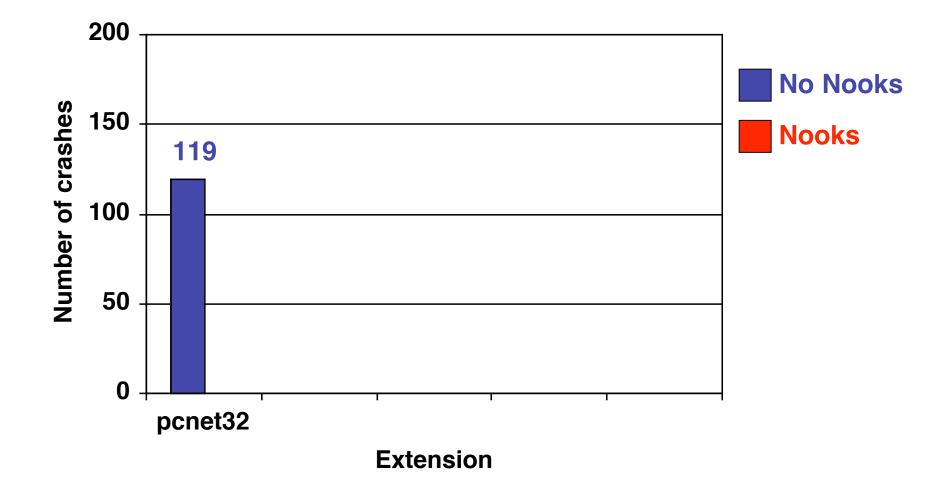
- Blame the processor
- Blame the operating system
- Blame us

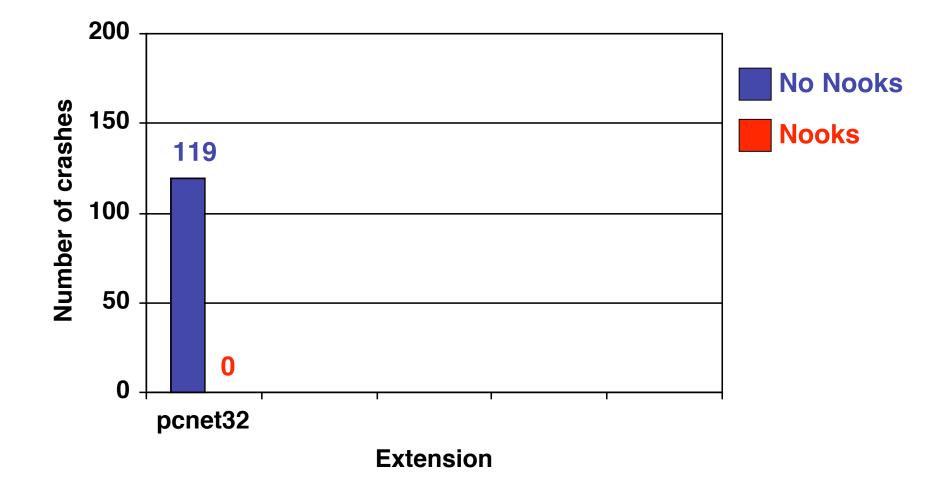
# **Tested Drivers**

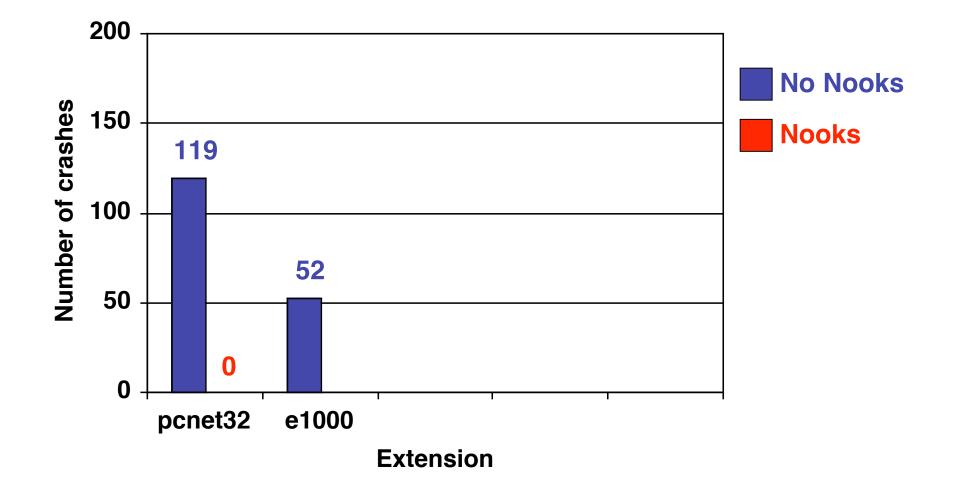
- Sound card drivers
  - SoundBlaster 16 (sb)
  - Ensoniq 1371
- Network drivers
  - Intel Pro/1000 Gigabit Ethernet (e1000)
  - AMD PCnet32 10/100 Mb Ethernet (pcnet32)
  - 3COM 3c90x 10/100 Mb Ethernet
  - 3Com 3c59x 10/100 Mb Ethernet
- Filesystems
  - VFAT Windows-compatible filesystem (vfat)
- Other
  - kHTTPd in-kernel web server (khttpd)

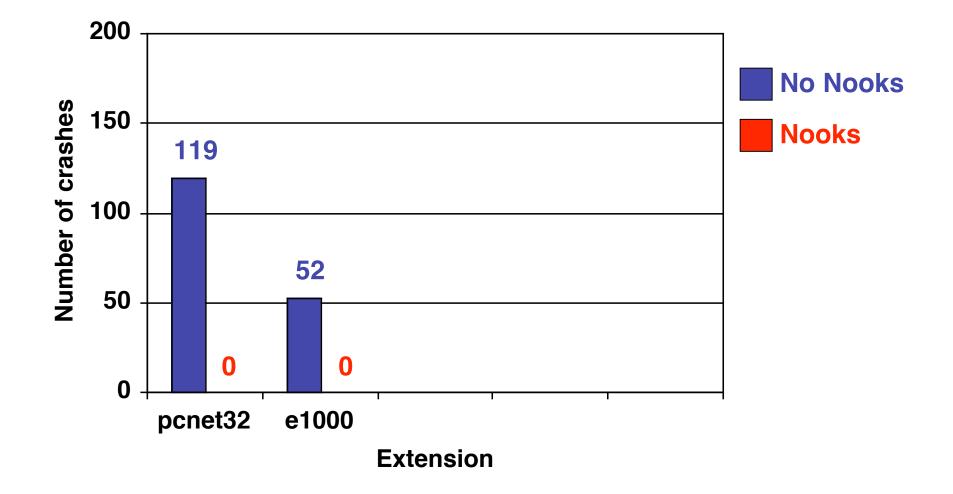


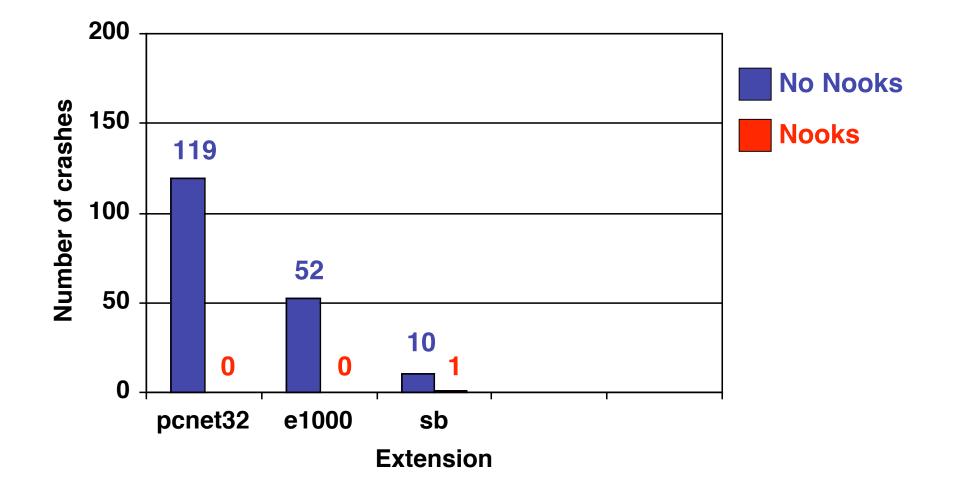


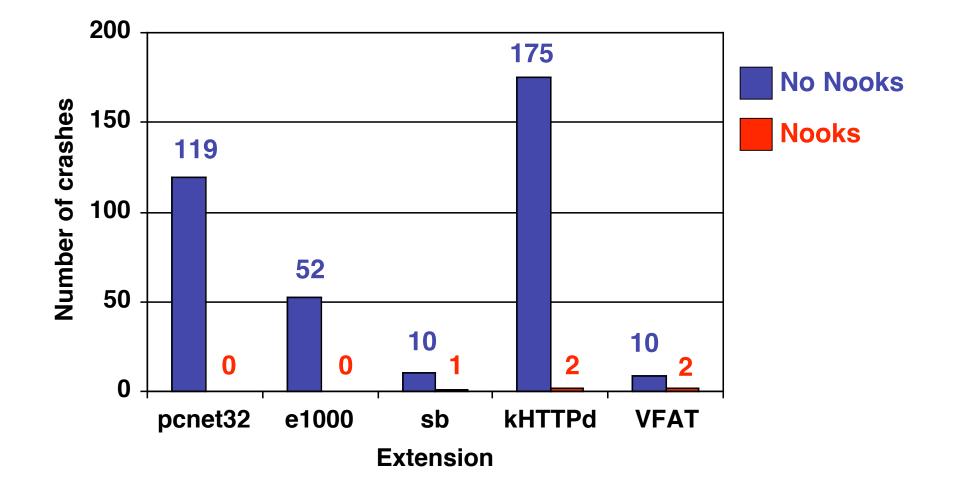








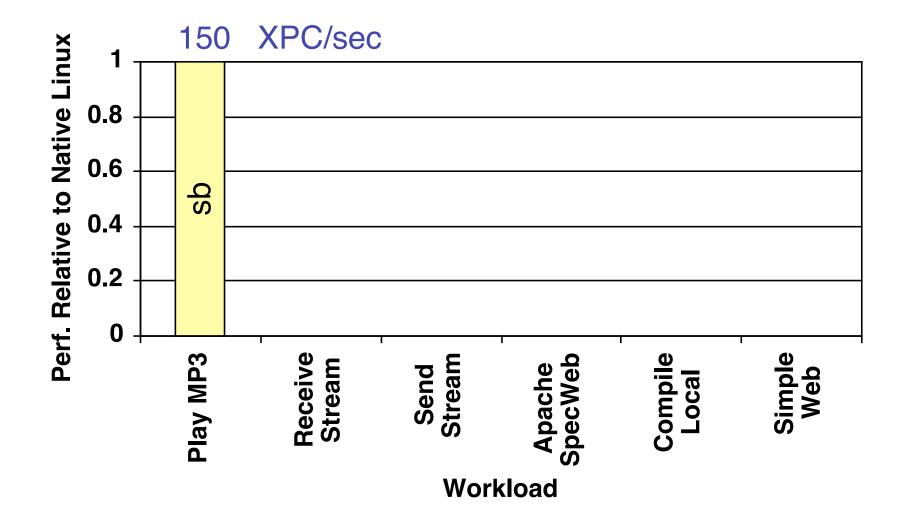




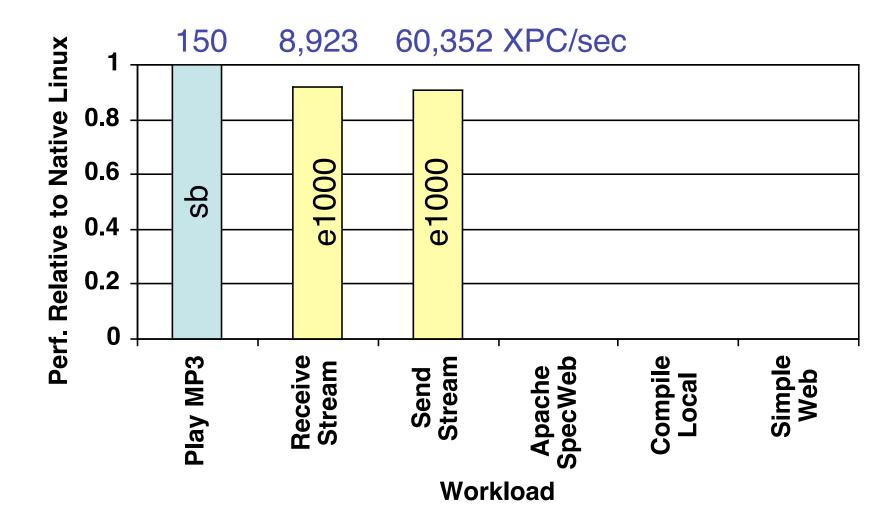
#### Performance

- Dominant cost is XPC
  - Performance depends frequency of interaction with kernel

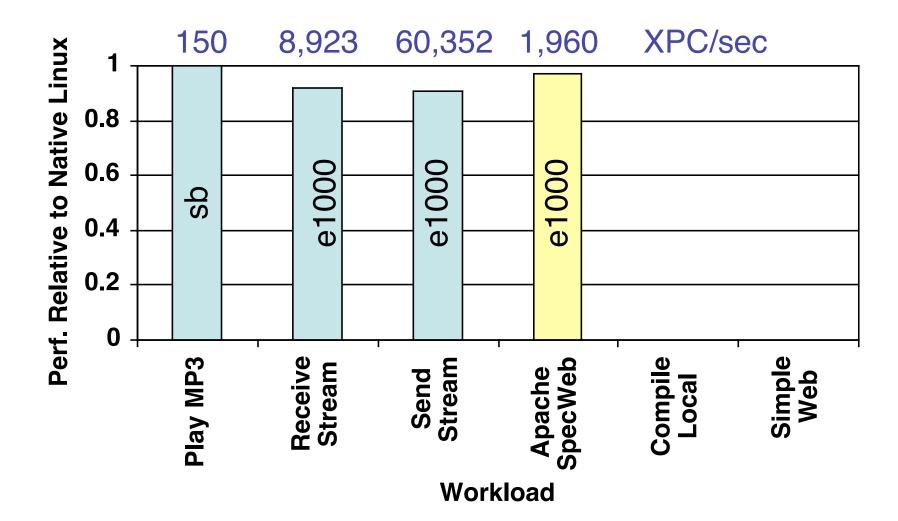
#### **Relative Performance**

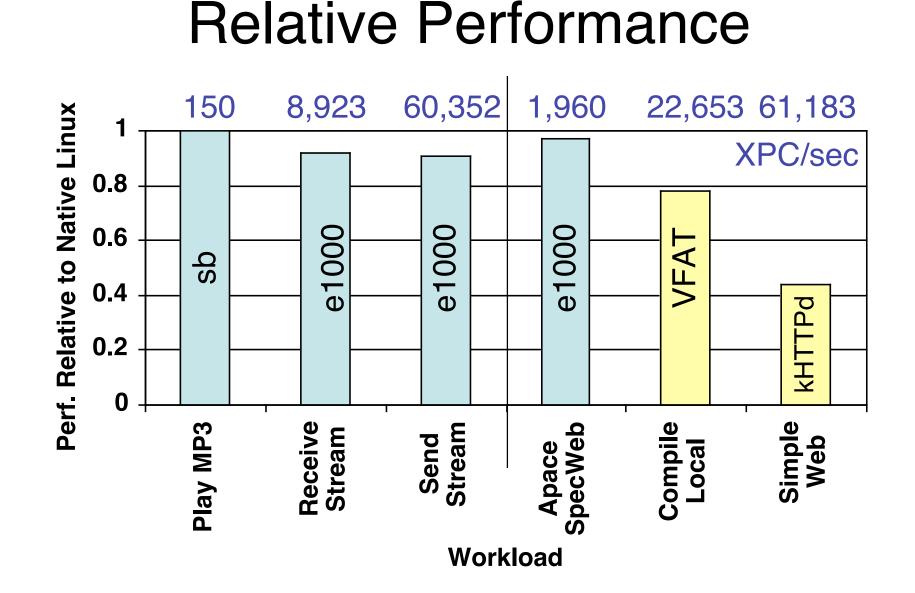


#### **Relative Performance**



#### **Relative Performance**





## Implementation Cost

- Changes to old code
  - Kernel: 924 out of 1.1 million lines
  - Device drivers+VFAT: 0 out of 33,000 lines
  - kHTTPd: 13 out of 2,000 lines
- New code
  - Nooks reliability layer: 22,266 lines

# Summary

- Nooks provides a new reliability layer between drivers and the OS
- Nooks prevents 99% of tested faults that cause Linux to crash
- Nooks imposes a modest performance cost