CSE 542/498J: Operating Systems Instructor: Surendar Chandra (surendar@cse.nd.edu)

Rm 356C (631-8975)

TA: Praveen Kalla

• Office Hours: 2:00-3:00 (Wed,Thu) (other times, by email appt)

• Course Web: http://cse.nd.edu/courses/cse542/

· Listserv mailing list:

cse542-SC-fa02@listserv.nd.edu

· WebCT for paper

Outline for today

- Course policies:
 - Course organization and expectation
 - Grading policy, late policy, reevaluation policy
 - Academic honesty

Sep-5-02

Course Organization

I expect that you have some prior knowledge of operating system/using operating systems. The text book should help cover basics

We will mostly follow the course text. We will augment the discussions with topical research papers. You will read the assigned paper/book chapters before

I encourage open discussion about the technologies

The course expects significant programming. I am mostly language agnostic though

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Systems philosophy

- 1. Your own implementation
- 2. Your own simulation
- 3. Implementation results from a paper
- 4. Simulation results from a paper
- 5. Everything else (hearsay, rumors, "I think so", "I think that it is how it should work" etc)

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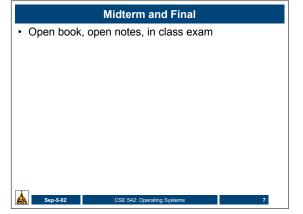
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Grade distribution

- Class participation 4 %
- Paper evaluation 4 %
- Midterm 15%
- Final 15%
- Homework projects 24% (3 x 8%)
- Take home assignments 16% (2 x 8%)
- Course project 22%

Class participation and paper evaluation

- Class participation is very important. You will be graded on your involvement in class discussions. There are no "dumb" questions. You will only be penalized for "no" questions/comments.
- To foster interaction I will randomly pick a name more than two unexcused absences is grounds for administrative withdrawal
- Over the course of the semester, you will read and critique research papers. You will discuss your criticisms during the class discussion. Critiquing other work is a good way to start thinking of a better solution
- You should register in WebCT as soon as possible to provide online critiques



Homework projects

- You will be assigned three programming project
- · Projects are individual efforts.
- Each project should be electronically turned in with a succinct report on your implementation strategy and what you learned.
- Projects should compile without any modifications. If you need a specific OS, you should make arrangements beforehand so that I can evaluate your work
- I will randomly select submissions for an one-on-one oral interview



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Home work assignment

- Written, take home assignment to help you prepare for the exams
- · Individual effort.
- May have to write code to answer some questions.



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Course Project

- Teams of 2 students. Start thinking about what you want to do/partners etc. now.
- Individual grades influenced by the final oral examination and presentation.
- I will provide a list of project ideas. I prefer projects that make sense to you (job, other course etc.)
- You will explore a substantial topic and show its validity with an implementation
- At the end of the semester, there will be a minisymposium where you will publically present your work. Best paper and presentation will be recognized.



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Reevaluation policy

- Arithmetic errors, missed grading will be reevaluated.
- I encourage you to discuss concerns with your solution with me
- I discourage re-evaluation of partial credits:
 - Football penalty policy:
 - If you think you deserve a better partial grade, write down the reason why you think that you deserve a better grade and how many extra points you think you deserve. If I agree, you could get up to this many extra points. If I disagree, you will lose this much points.



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Late policy

- None Projects/homework/critiques are due at 11:00 am (right before the beginning of class). I do not accept late submissions (not even a second)
- For home work submissions, I will use the clock in wizard.cse.nd.edu for reference
- Please contact me regarding <u>unforeseen</u> emergencies

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Academic Honesty

- · Freedom of information rule:
 - Collaboration is acceptable
 - To assure that all collaboration is on the level, you must always write the name(s) of your collaborators on your assignment. Failure to adequately acknowledge your contributors is at best a lapse of professional etiquette, and at worst it is plagiarism. Plagiarism is a form of cheating.

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Academic Honesty - Gilligans Island Rule

• This rule says that you are free to meet with fellow students(s) and discuss assignments with them. Writing on a board or shared piece of paper is acceptable during the meeting; however, you may not take any written (electronic or otherwise) record away from the meeting. This applies when the assignment is supposed to be an individual effort. After the meeting, engage in half hour of mindnumbing activity (like watching an episode of Gilligan's Island), before starting to work on the assignment. This will assure that you are able to reconstruct what you learned from the meeting, by yourself, using your own brain.

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How to Read a Research Paper

- Typical paper
 - Abstract
 - Introduction
 - Motivation, problem description
 - Research questions that are being addressed by this paper
 - Experiment Setup
 - Results
 - Conclusions and Future work



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Why do you read a paper?

- · Understand and learn new contributions
- However
 - Not all papers are "good"
 - Not all papers are "interesting"
 - Not all papers are "worthwhile" for you
- You have to learn to identify a good paper and spend your time wisely
 - 1. Breadth
 - 2. Depth
 - 3. React



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How to Read a Research Paper

- Ask yourself, what is this paper about? (breadth)
 - Read the title and the abstract
 - If you still don't know what this paper is about, then this is a bad paper.
 - Read the conclusion
 - Are you now sure you know what this paper is about? If not it is a BAD paper. We will try not to read such papers in this course
- Read the introduction
- · Read the section headings
- Read tables and graphs and captions. See what they say



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How to read a paper (cont)

- See who wrote it, where it was published, when was it written (credibility)
- Skim bibliography to see if the authors are aware of relevant related work. See if you know the relevant work. See if you know a relevant work that they didn't refer

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How to read a paper - depth

- · Approach with scientific skepticism
- · Examine the assumptions
 - Do their results rely on any assumptions about trends in environments?
 - Are these assumptions reasonable?
 - E.g. "Lets assume that there are billions of powerful computers, connected by a high speed network, spread across the world, our system will ...
 - E.g. "Our system can enable you to run Windows 98 on a 33Mhz Intel 386 with 640K main memory"

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How to read a paper - depth

- Examine the methods:
 - Did they measure what they claim?
 - Can they explain what they observed?
 - It is easy to dump your experimental results on the paper. As a reader you want an analysis of why the system behaves a certain way, not the raw data.
 - Did they have adequate controls
 - Were tests carried out in a standard way? Were the performance metrics standard? If not, do they explain their metrics clearly?



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How to read a paper - depth

- · Examine the statistics: (there is truth, lies and then there is statistics!!)
 - Were appropriate statistical tests applied properly?
 - Did they do proper error analysis?
 - Are the results statistically significant?
 - · Common mistake: "We performed our experiment once at 4 am and noticed a ten fold improvement. Thus we conclude that our system is better"
 - Be very careful with percentages
 - Method A: 0.01 seconds, our Method: 0.005 seconds
 - Our method shows 100% improvement over method A!!



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How to read a paper - depth

- Examine the conclusions:
 - Do the conclusions follow logically from the conclusions
 - · We performed our experiments with 8 palm pilots and saw a 10 fold improvement. Hence we conclude that our system will scale to millions of palm pilots
 - What other explanations are there for the observed effects
 - What other conclusions or correlations are there in the data that they did not point out
 - Earlier work performed experiments using a 2 Mbit wireless network. Our system (incidentally) used a 11 Mbit network and saw a 5 fold improvement. So our technique works!!

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@Book{stevens9

Sample bibliography - bibtex

How to read a paper - react

- · Take notes
- · Highlight major points
- · React to the points in the paper
 - Place this work with your own experience
 - If you doubt a statement, note your objection
 - If you find a pleasing quotation, write it down
- Construct your own example
- · Summarize what you read
- · Maintain your own bibliography of all papers that you ever read



publisher = {Prentice Hall}, year = 1998,volume = 1, series = $\{ISBN 0-13-490012-X\}$,

author = {W. Richard Stevens},

title = {UNIX Network Programming:

note = {Sample code from this book is available at

Networking APIs: Sockets and XTI}.

\url{http://www.kohala.com/start/unpv12e.html}}, edition = 2,

You can refer to the Computer Network books by W. Richard Stevens \cite{stevens98} for sample ··



How to Write a Research Paper

- Write it such that anyone who reads it using the method we discussed understands your ideas.
- Clearly explain what problem you are solving, why it is interesting and how your solution solves this interesting problem
- Be crisp. Explain what your contributions are, what your ideas are and what are others' ideas



